

# **How to Care for Your Diabetic Pet**

#### **Daily Follow-up**

Following up each day on your pet's health is an important part of controlling its diabetes. Activities may include:

- Evaluating water consumption once or twice a day
- Evaluating daily urine production by recording the number of times the pet urinates
- Monitoring weight once a week
- Using urine test strips to detect glucose and ketone bodies

### **Preparing the Dose (for U-40 insulin syringe)**

- After washing your hands, take the Vetsulin® (porcine insulin zinc suspension) bottle out of the refrigerator.
- Shake the bottle until the insulin is uniformly milky, allowing any foam to disperse. This evenly mixes the insulin to ensure the proper dose.
- Carefully remove the cap from the needle.
- Insert the syringe into the bottle.
- Turn the bottle and syringe upside down.
- Making sure the tip of the needle is in the Vetsulin®, withdraw the correct dose into the syringe.
- Before removing the needle from the bottle, check the syringe for any air bubbles.

- If bubbles are present, hold the syringe up and tap its side until the bubbles float to the top. Push them out with the plunger and withdraw the correct dose.
- Remove the needle from the bottle. Be careful that you do not inject yourself.

#### **Hypoglycemia: What to Watch Out For**

The most important complication seen in animals is an excessively low blood glucose level. Signs of hypoglycemia may occur suddenly and can include:

- Weakness
- Anxiety
- Depression
- Seizures
- Behavioral changes
- Coma
- Muscle twitching

# If You See Hypoglycemia Signs (If Your Pet Is Conscious)

- 1. Rub about 1 tbsp of corn syrup on your pet's gums.
- 2. When your pet is able to swallow, feed its usual meal.
- 3. Contact your veterinarian as soon as possible.

# **Feeding Your Diabetic Pet**

Your pet's diet will be: (b	rand)	(amount)									
		Treats:									
Please feed your pet	(time) before insulin injection	OR (time) after insulin injection.									
f your pet hasn't eaten, give 50% of the required dose OR											
Vetsulin <sup>®</sup> Do	sage										
☐ U-40 Insulin Syringe:	Give IU M every 12 hours (AM	_PM) OR M every 24 hours ( AM or PM)									
□ VetPen®:	Give IU M every 12 hours (AM	PM) OR M every 24 hours (AM orPM)									
These are the medical concerns that need to be addressed in the near future:											
☐ Fecal examination ☐	Deworming ☐ Dental ☐ Spay/neuter ☐ He	artworm test									
Other condition (speci	ify):										
These conditions could he to allow for optimum dia		e. They should be addressed as soon as possible									

## Storage and Administration of Vetsulin®

Store the Vetsulin® bottle upright in the refrigerator. Do not freeze. Use contents within 42 days of first vial puncture and maintain a temperature of 25°C (77°F) or cooler.

### Injection Instructions\*

- Injections should be given just under the skin, 3/4 to 2 inches from the middle of your pet's back.
- The location may vary from behind the shoulder blade to slightly in front of the hip bone, depending upon your veterinarian's preference and which suits you and your pet.
- Alternating between your pet's left and right side will help to ensure their greater long-term comfort.

## **Clinic Stamp**





# **Keep Track of Your Pet's Diabetes**

To monitor your pet's insulin treatment, update this record daily, or download the PetDiabetes Tracker App. Take it with you when consulting your veterinarian.

			Date Pet's Name							
			Uri	ine Testing	J*					
Dose Vetsulin <sup>e</sup>	se of n® in IU	Number of		Ketone	Food consumption		Water consumption			
Date	AM	PM	times pet urinated	Glucose	bodies	AM	PM	AM	PM	Notes

Questions? Visit www.vetsulin.com.

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<sup>\*</sup>Results depend on testing strips chosen.